Basel Peace Office invites you to

Nuclear weapons: Renewed global threat. Emerging solutions

Mon Jan 16th, 2017 16.30h – 18.30h

A public event on the occasion of the Basel Peace Forum

Sydney Room, 2nd Floor, Messe Center, Messeplatz 21, Basel

Renewed global threats:

- Tensions and nuclear threat postures between Russia and the West have risen to nearly Cold War levels;
- Europe is a region of conflicts, and of deployment of nuclear weapons on high alert and on first-use policies;
- Nuclear weapons have proliferated to additional States and could be acquired by terrorists;

Emerging solutions:

- Over ½ the world is now in Nuclear Weapon Free Zones;
- There are proposals for additions NWFZs in Europe, Middle East, NE Asia and the Arctic;
- The United Nations has initiated multilateral negotiations on nuclear disarmament and will hold a high level conference in 2018 to achieve a nuclear-weapon-free world.

Speakers:

Prof. (em.) Andreas Nidecker, MD.

President, Basel Peace Office
Past President & Board Member IPPNW Switzerland

Arielle Denis

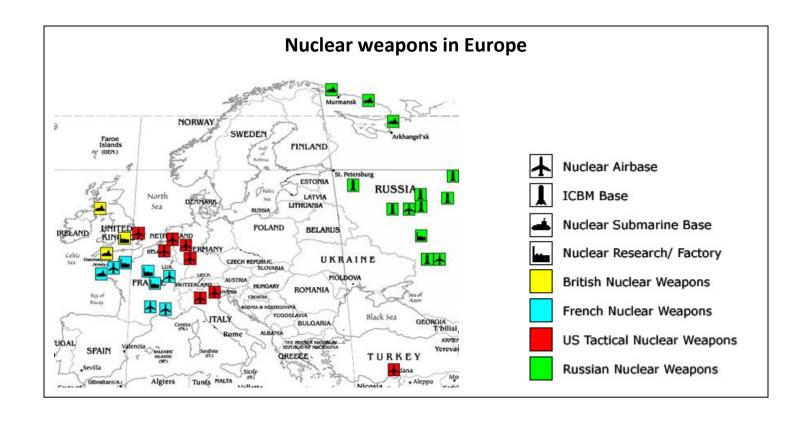
Consultant, International Peace Bureau

Prof. (em.) Dr. Harald Müller

Director, Peace Research Institute of Frankfurt

Alyn Ware

Director of the Basel Peace Office Global Coordinator of Parliamentarians for Nuclear Non-proliferation and Disarmament



Nuclear weapons: Renewed global threat. Emerging solutions

Situation : With increasing East — West tension, the risk of a nuclear confrontation is on the rise again. Nuclear weapon states (NWS) continue to modernize their nuclear arsenals. New policies of the in-coming US Govt could increase the risks of armed conflict and nuclear war. Several new states may aim to also acquire nuclear weapons (horizontal proliferation).

On the positive side, the United Nations General Assembly has agreed (123 countries voting in favour) to commence negotiations in 2017 on a nuclear weapons prohibition treaty, and to hold a High Level Conference in 2018 (143 countries voting in favour) to build global support for such nuclear disarmament measures. This indicates increased self-confidence and an awareness of many countries about the risks and catastrophic consequences of a nuclear attack. Indeed, the entire Southern Hemisphere has already banned nuclear weapons in the region by establishing Nuclear Weapon Free Zones (NWFZs).

Content: The above described situation, the significance of the new UN initiatives and the concept of NWFZs, in particular a NWFZ in Europe, will be discussed. The latter could be realized in a phased process, firstly by non-nuclear European countries, followed by those in nuclear alliances and finally the nuclear-armed countries. Such a process is an alternative to the dangerous cycle of threats and counter-threats between Russia and NATO. It could help reduce tensions and build confidence, which would not only be beneficial for our common security, but also for business, trade and sustainable development in a secure environment without nuclear risks.

Format of event:

- a) Introduction and short cartoon/video(AN)
- b) Current state of global nuclear weapons. Summary of key abolition initiatives (AW)
- c) Second cartoon or short film
- d) Legal instruments to prohibit nuclear weapons: the non-proliferation treaty, a nuclear ban, and a nuclear weapons convention (AD)

- e) Third cartoon or short film
- f) Information on NWFZs in general and concept of NWFZ Europe (HM)
- g) Discussion and hand out of summary of side-event (AN)



The Basel Peace Office (BPO) was established to advance research, teaching and policy-development programs dedicated to international peace, conflict resolution and achieving a nuclear-weapon-free world.

BPO is a coalition of five Swiss and four international organisations: the Canton of Basel-Stadt, University of Basel Sociology Seminary of the Department of Social Sciences, Swisspeace, International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War Switzerland, Association of Swiss Lawyers for Nuclear Disarmament, World Future Council, Global Security Institute, Middle Powers Initiative, and Parliamentarians for Nuclear Non-proliferation and Disarmament.